(XXVIth YEAR.) THE (No. 1339.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, MAY 9, 1771.

LONDON, *Feb.* 7.

A Correſpondent at Berlin informs us, that the King held the other Day a moſt particular Council of War; above 50 General Officers, many from diſtant Parts, appeared at the Palace of Potzdam the ſame Day, unknown to each other; They were all ordered to adjourn to different Chambers otted for that Purpoſe, and like your Jurymen, had Refreſhment. The King in Perſon then gave them ch a written Queſtion, which they were to anſwer hile he ſtaid. When the King had recovered all theſe ir Anſwers, they were eſcorted out of Town by ifferent Roads, and were not allowed to converſe to- ther.

On Tueſday laſt the following Queſtions were moved r by Lord Chatham, in the Upper Aſſembly, to be ut to the Judges:

"1ſt. Whether in Conſideration of Law, the Impe- ial Crown of this Realm can hold any Territories, r Poſſeſſions thereunto belonging, otherwiſe than in overeignty?

"2dly. Whether the Declaration, or Inſtrument r Reſtitution of the Port and Fort called Egmont, o be made by the Catholic King to his Majeſty, un- er a Reſervation of diſputed Right of Sovereignty, xpreſſed in the Declaration, or Inſtrument, ſtipulat- g ſuch Reſtitution, can be accepted, or carried into xecution, without derogating from the Maxim of aw before referred to, touching the inherent and eſ- n ial Dignity of the Crown of Great-Britain?"

After an intereſting Debate, in which Lord Roch- ord, the Dukes of Richmond and Manchester, and ord Chatham ſpoke, it was carried in the Negative, to 22. Moſt of the Judges attended, hearing a Queſtion of Law was to be moved by Lord Chatham, eing curious to know its Purport.

From a LONDON PAPER *of February* 23.

The LORDS PROTEST,

Againſt preſenting an Addreſs to his Majeſty on the Accommodation with Spain.

Diſſentient,

I. BECAUSE it is highly unſuitable to the Wiſdom and Gravity of this Houſe, and to the Reſpect which we owe to his Majeſty and ourſelves, to carry up to the Throne an Addreſs, approving the Acceptance of an imperfect Inſtrument which has neither been previouſly authoriſed by any ſpecial *full Powers* produced by the Spaniſh Miniſter, nor been as yet ratified by the King of Spain. If the Ratification on the Part of Spain ſhould be refuſed, the Addreſs of this Houſe will appear no better than an Act of precipitate Adulation to Miniſters; which will juſtly expoſe the Peerage of the Kingdom to the Indignation of their Country, and to the Deriſion of all Europe.

II. Becauſe it is a direct Inſult on the Feeling and Underſtanding of the People of Great-Britain, to approve this Declaration and Acceptance, as a Means of ſecuring our own and the general Tranquillity, whilſt the greateſt Preparations for War are making both by Sea and Land, and whilſt the Practice of preſſing is continued, as in Times of the moſt urgent Neceſſity, to the extreme Inconvenience of Trade and Commerce, and with the greateſt Hardſhips to one of the moſt meritorious and uſeful Orders of his Majeſty's Subjects.

III. Becauſe the refuſing to put the Queſtion to the Judges upon Points of Law, very eſſentially affecting this great Queſtion, and the refuſing to addreſs his Majeſty to give Orders for laying before this Houſe the Inſtructions relating to Falkland's Iſland, given to the Commanders of his Majeſty's Ships employed there, is depriving us of ſuch Lights as ſeemed highly proper for us on this Occaſion.

IV. Becauſe, from the Declaration and Correſpondence laid before us, we are of Opinion that the Miniſters merit the Cenſure of this Houſe, rather than any Degree of Commendation, on Account of ſeveral improper Acts, and equally improper Omiſſions, from the Beginning to the Cloſe of this Tranſaction.

For it is aſſerted by the Spaniſh Miniſter, and ſtands uncontradicted by ours, that ſeveral Diſcuſſions had paſſed between the Miniſters of the Two Courts, upon the Subject of Falkland's Iſlands, which might give the Britiſh Miniſters Reaſon to foreſee the Attack upon that Settlement that was afterwards made by the Forces of Spain. Capt. Hunt alſo arriving from thence ſo early as the Third of June laſt, did adverтiſe the Miniſters of repeated Warnings and Menaces made by Spaniſh Governors and Commanders of Ships of War; yet ſo obſtinately negligent and ſupine were his Majeſty's Miniſters, and ſo far from the Vigilance and Activity required by the Truſt and Duty of their Office, that they did not even ſo much as make a ſingle Repreſentation to the Court of Madrid, which, if they had done, the Injury itſelf might have been prevented, or at leaſt ſo ſpeedily repaired, as to render unneceſſary the enormous Expences to which this Nation has been compelled, by waiting until the Blow had been actually ſtruck, and the News of ſo ſignal an Inſult to the Crown of Great-Britain had arrived in Europe. To this wilful, and therefore culpable, Neglect of Repreſentation to the Court of Spain, was added another Neglect; a Neglect of ſuch timely Preparation for putting this Nation in ſuch a State of Defence, as the menacing Appearance on the Part of Spain, and the critical Condition of Europe required. Theſe Preparations, had they been undertaken early, would have been executed with more Effect, and leſs Expence; would have been far leſs diſtreſſing to our Trade, and to our Seamen; would have authoriſed us in the Beginning to have demanded, and would in all Probability have induced Spain to conſent to an immediate, perfect, and equitable Settlement of all the Points in Diſcuſſion between the Two Crowns; but all Preparations having been neglected, the national Safety was left depending rather upon accidental Alterations in the internal Circumſtances of our Neighbours, than in the proper and natural Strength of the Kingdom; and this Negligence was highly aggravated by the Refuſal of Adminiſtration to conſent to an Addreſs propoſed by a noble Lord, in this Houſe, laſt Seſſion, for a moderate and gradual Augmentation of our naval Forces.

V. Becauſe the Negociation, entered into much too late, was, from the Commencement, conducted upon Principles as diſadvantageous to the Wiſdom of our publick Councils, as it was finally concluded, in a Manner diſgraceful to the Honour of the Crown of Great-Britain; for it appears, that the Court of Madrid did diſavow the Act of Hoſtility, as proceeding from particular Inſtructions, but juſtified it under her general Inſtructions to her Governors; under the Oath by them taken, and under the eſtabliſhed Laws of America. This general Order was never diſavowed nor explained; nor was any Diſavowal or Explanation thereof ever demanded by our Miniſters; and we apprehend, that this Juſtification of an Act of Violence under general Orders, and eſtabliſhed Laws of Office, to be far more dangerous and injurious to this Kingdom, than the particular Enterprize which has been diſavowed, as it evidently ſuppoſes, that the Governors of the Spaniſh American Provinces, are not only authoriſed, but required, without any particular Inſtructions, to raiſe great Forces by Sea and Land, and to invade his Majeſty's Poſſeſſions in that Part of the World, in the midſt of profound Peace.

VI. Becauſe this Power, ſo unprecedented and alarming, under which the Spaniſh Governor was juſtified by his Court, rendered it the Duty of our Miniſters, to inſiſt upon ſome Cenſure or Puniſhment upon that Governor, in order to demonſtrate the Sincerity of the Court of Madrid, and her deſire to preſerve Peace, by putting at leaſt ſome Check upon thoſe exorbitant Powers, aſſerted by the Court of Spain, to be given to her Governors. But although our Miniſters were authoriſed, not only by the acknowledged Principles of the Law of Nations, to call for ſuch Cenſure or Puniſhment, but alſo by the expreſs Proviſion of the 17th Article of the Treaty of Utrecht, yet they have thought fit to obſerve a profound Silence on this neceſſary Article of publick Reparation. If it were thought, that any Circumſtances appeared in the particular Caſe of the Governor, to make an Abatement or Pardon of the Puniſhment adviſable, that Abatement or Pardon ought to have been the Effect of his Majeſty's Clemency, and not an Impunity to him, ariſing from the Ignorance of our Miniſters in the firſt Principles of publick Law, or their Negligence or Puſillanimity in aſſerting them.

VII. Becauſe nothing has been had or demanded as a Reparation in Damage, for the enormous Expence and other Inconveniencies ariſing from the confeſſed and unprovoked Violence of the Spaniſh Forces, in the Enterprize againſt Falkland's Iſlands, and the long ſubſequent Delay of Juſtice; it was not neceſſary to this Demand, that it ſhould be made in any improper or offenſive Language, but in that Stile of Accommodation which has ever been uſed by able Negociators.

VIII. Becauſe an unparalleled and moſt audacious Inſult has been offered to the Honour of the Britiſh Flag, by the Detention of a Ship of War of his Majeſty, for 20 Days after the Surrender of Port Egmont, and by the Indignity of forcibly taking away her Rudder; this Act could not be ſupported upon any Idea of being neceſſary to the Reduction of the Fort, nor was any ſuch Neceſſity pretended. No Reparation in Honour has been demanded for this wanton Inſult, by which his Majeſty's Reign is rendered the unhappy Æra, in which the Honour of the Britiſh Flag has ſuffered the firſt Stain with entire Impunity.

IX. Becauſe the Spaniſh Declaration, which our Miniſters have adviſed his Majeſty to accept, does, in general Words, imply his Majeſty's Diſavowal of ſome Acts on his Part, tending to diſturb the good Correſpondence of the Two Courts; when it is notorious, that no Act of Violence whatſoever had been committed on the Part of Great-Britain. By this Diſavowal of ſome implied Aggreſſion in the very Declaration, pretended to be made for Reparation of Great-Britain, his Majeſty is made to admit a Suppoſition contrary to Truth, and injurious to the Juſtice and Honour of his Crown.

X. Becauſe in the ſaid Declaration, the Reſtitution is confined to Port Egmont, when Spain herſelf originally offered to cede Falkland's Iſland; it is known that ſhe made her forcible Attack on Pretence of Title to the whole, and the Reſtitution ought, therefore, not to have been confined to a Part only, nor can any Reaſon be aſſigned, why the Reſtitution ought to have been made in narrower or more ambiguous Words than the Claims of Spain, on which her Act of Violence was grounded, and her Offers of Reſtitution originally made.

XI. Becauſe the Declaration, by which his Majeſty is to obtain Poſſeſſion of Port Egmont, contains a Reſervation, or Condition of the Queſtion of a Claim of prior Right of Sovereignty in the Catholic King, to the whole of Falkland's Iſland, being the firſt Time ſuch a Claim has ever authentically appeared in any publick Inſtrument, jointly concluded on by the Two Courts. No Explanation of the Principles of the Claim has been required, although there is juſt Reaſon to believe, that theſe Principles will equally extend to reſtrain the Liberty, and confine the Extent of Britiſh Navigation. No counter Claim has been made, on the Part of his Majeſty, to the Right of Sovereignty, in any Part of the ſaid Iſland ceded to him; any Aſſertion whatſoever of his Majeſty's Right of Sovereignty has been ſtudiouſly avoided, from the Beginning to the Accompliſhment of this unhappy Tranſaction; which, after the Expence of Millions, ſettles no Conteſt, aſſerts no Rights, exacts no Reparation, affords no Security, but ſtands as a Monument of Reproach to the Wiſdom of the national Councils, of Diſhonour to the eſſential Dignity of his Majeſty's Crown, and of Diſgrace to the hitherto untainted Honour of the Britiſh Flag.

After having given theſe Reaſons, founded on the Facts which appeared from the Papers, we think it neceſſary here to diſclaim an invidious and injurious Imputation, ſubſtituted in the Place of fair Argument, that they, who will not approve of this Convention, are for precipitating their Country into the Calamities of War; we are as far from the Deſign, and we truſt much farther from the Act of kindling the Flame of War, than thoſe who have adviſed his Majeſty to accept of the Declaration of the Spaniſh Ambaſſador.

We have never entertained the leaſt Thought of invalidating this publick Act; but if Miniſters may not be cenſured, or even puniſhed, for Treaties which, though valid, are injurious to the national Intereſt and Honour, without a Suppoſition of the Breach of publick Faith in this Houſe, that ſhould cenſure or puniſh, or of a Breach of the Laws of Humanity, in thoſe who propoſe ſuch Cenſure or Puniſhment; the Uſe of the Peers, as a Controul on Miniſters, and as the beſt as well as higheſt Council of the Crown, will be rendered of no Avail. We have no Doubt, but a Declaration more adequate to our juſt Pretenſions, and to the Dignity of the Crown, might have been obtained without the Effuſion of Blood, not only from the favourable Circumſtances of the Conjuncture, but becauſe our juſt Demands were no more than any ſovereign Power, who had injured another, through Inadvertence or Miſtake, ought, even from Regard to its own Honour, to have granted; and we are ſatisfied, that the obtaining ſuch Terms would have been the only ſure Means of eſtabliſhing a laſting and honourable Peace.

Richmond, Bolton, Manchester, Tankerville, Chatham, Wycombe, Craven, Boyle, Devonſhire, Audley, King, Torrington, Milton, Abergavenny, Fitzwilliam, Ponſonby, Scarborough, Archer.

Diſſentiet,

Becauſe, though the Diſavowal may be conſidered as humiliating to the Court of Spain, the Declaration and Acceptance, under the Reſervation of the Queſtion of prior Right, do not, in my Opinion, after the heavy Expences incurred, either convey a Satisfaction adequate to the Inſult on the Honour of Great-Britain, or afford any reaſonable Grounds to believe, that Peace, on Terms of Honour, can be laſting.

RADNOR.

An Account of what paſſed in a great Aſſembly on the Spaniſh Papers.

THE Papers relative to the Negociation being, notwithſtanding ſome Oppoſition from the Minority, read at the Inſtance of the Miniſtry, it appeared from the Correſpondence of the Spaniſh and Britiſh Officers in South-America, that the former did not act without expreſs Orders from the Catholick King. It is, indeed, true, that in the Correſpondence between Mr. Harris and Grimaldi, Spain diſavowed the Act, and owned, from the firſt, that Great-Britain had been injured. But this proceeded from the diſtracted State of France, which found itſelf in no Condition to execute the original Plan concerted between the Two Crowns, and therefore obliged Spain, at preſent, to relax, and to preſerve her Claim of Right for a future and more favourable Opportunity.

Here it was obſerved, that theſe Papers, which were produced, referred only to the Two laſt of the Three Propoſitions into which Mr. Dowdeſwell's Motion was divided. No Papers relative to the previous Claims of Spain appeared. When the Miniſters were deſired by Mr. Cornwall to explain how they came not to comply with the firſt Propoſitions, they anſwered, that, after a diligent Search in the proper Offices, they could find no ſuch Papers, and that therefore, if any Claims, previous to the taking of Falkland's Iſland, had been made by Spain, they muſt have been made verbally, and could not be laid before the Houſe.

The Minority finding that there was a great Chaſm and Myſtery in the Correſpondence of Mr. Harris with the Spaniſh Court, began to ſuſpect that ſome Papers had been kept back, or that the moſt material Part of the Negociation had paſſed through another Channel. Theſe Suſpicions were raiſed by this Circumſtance: While Mr. Harris, our Envoy at Madrid, was giving our Court an Account of the pacific and amicable Sentiments of Spain, Prince Maſſerano held a quite different Language at London; and Mr. Harris was recalled by a Letter from Lord Weymouth. In order to develope the Tranſactions, which enſued upon the Reſignation of Lord Weymouth, and Lord Rochford's Acceptance of his Seals, Mr. Seymour deſired Lord North to inform the Houſe whether France had interfered in the Convention, as he was well aſſured ſhe had. He anſwered, that ſhe had not interfered as a Mediator. Did ſhe interpoſe, then, in any Shape? aſked Mr. Seymour. That Queſtion I will not anſwer, replied Lord North; the Word *interpoſe* is of too extenſive a Signification. Mr. Burke, and ſome other Members, then got up, and the Reſult was, that Mr. Seymour moved, That an humble Addreſs ſhould be preſented to his Majeſty, requeſting him to inform the Houſe, whether France had interfered in the Negociation; and if ſhe had, how far, and in what Manner, ſhe had interfered?

To this Meaſure the Miniſtry objected, that, when all the Papers demanded by the former Addreſs had been produced by his Majeſty as far as was poſſible, a freſh Demand would look like a Suſpicion of Juggling and Inſincerity; that there were no Papers; that the Motion did not call for Papers; that the Meaſure was unprecedented; that the Miniſters had made a ſufficient Anſwer, by declaring, that France had not interfered as a Mediator; that if ſhe had, it was the more honourable for England; that it would be more reaſonable to preſent this Addreſs to the French Ambaſſador, to the French King, or Madam Barre.

The Oppoſition contended, that, as they were called upon to approve or diſapprove the Convention, it was neceſſary that they ſhould know not only the Terms of it, but alſo the Steps by which it was obtained; that the *Hiatus* in the Papers evidently ſhewed the Exiſtence of ſome myſterious Tranſaction; that the Silence of the Miniſters, when aſked, implied the Interpoſition of France; that the Family Compact rendered it neceſſary; that the Thing was known; that, as there was nothing diſgraceful in the Affair, they ought, for their own Honour, and the Satisfaction of the Nation, to divulge it, by agreeing to the Motion. It paſſed in the Negative, there being 273 againſt 35.

QUEBEC, *March* 14.

We hear that a Woman, lately at Service at Point aux Trembles, near Montreal, being deſirous to quit her Place, demanded her Wages, but having no written Agreement with her Maſter, a Neighbour was called to witneſs the paying her the Sum due; after receiving of which, ſhe ſet out to ſeek another Reſidence, and paſſing through a Wood, was met by the ſame Man who had been Witneſs to her receiving the Money, who, preſenting Two charged Piſtols to her, demanded her to give him her Caſh, or he would murder her; whereupon ſhe took the Money out of her Pocket and threw it in the Snow, on one Side of the Road, deſiring him to take it rather than her Life; he being over deſirous for the Prize, inadvertently laid down his Piſtols on the Road, which the Woman immediately ſeized, and ſhot him dead on the Spot, but did not retake her Money, till ſhe had alarmed the neareſt Neighbours to the Place where the Scene was tranſacted.

CHARLES-TOWN (*South-Carolina*) *April* 11.

Many ſtrange Tales daily arrive, over Land, from North-Carolina, but vary ſo much, that it is impoſſible to tell to which we may give moſt Credit. It is however certain, that all is not quiet in that Province; and that the People cannot be reconciled to being taxed as they are for building the Governor's ſumptuous Palace at Newbern, which is thought to ſtand in ſo much Danger of being deſtroyed, that an Intrenchment or a Barricade has lately been thrown up acroſs the Neck of Land on which it ſtands, in order the better to defend it and the Governor's Life, which it is ſaid has been threatened.

BOSTON, *April* 15.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman of conſiderable Note in London, dated February 24, 1771.

"I hope the ill Treatment you have had from our Miniſtry is drawing to a Period. They are, I believe, heartily ſick of the Affair, and ſo hard preſſed by the Oppoſition, as to be willing to leſſen the Number of your Enemies, and of the Objections to your Management. I am ſo well perſuaded that North-America will, within 100 Years, be the Seat of Commerce, Liberty and Power, and the Refuge of the Friends to Liberty, and the Proteſtant Religion, that, were I not ſo far advanced in Life, I would come over to you with my Family.

ANNAPOLIS, May 9.

On the Firſt Inſtant was run for over the Courſe near *Upper-Marlborough*, a Purſe of FIFTY POUNDS, which was won with Eaſe by *William Fitzhugh*, Eſquire's bay Horſe *Regulus*.——And the Day following was run for over the ſame Courſe, a Purſe of THIRTY POUNDS, which was won by *Daniel M'Carty*'s bay Horſe *Silver-*

April 30, 1771.

To be ſold at publick Vendue, on Monday the Third Day of June, *at the Town of* Vienna, *in* Dorcheſter *County, for ready Money only, and agreeable to the laſt Will and Teſtament of* John Wheeler, *late of ſaid County, deceaſed,*

TWO ſmall Tracts of Land, lying about Two Miles from the aboveſaid Town, *Witwork* containing Fifty Acres, and *Addition* to *Witwork* Fifty Acres, both Tracts adjoining each other, ſome ſmall Part of the above Lands is cleared, and has a ſmall Dwelling-Houſe on it, and under a good Fence. The Title is indiſputable. If the Day ſhould prove bad, the next good Day.

(ts) GEORGE WHEELER, Executor.

St. Mary's County, *May* 8, 1771.

To be ſold to the higheſt Bidder, on Monday the 27th *of* May *Inſtant, at the Landing where the Veſſel lies,*

A Veſſel calculated for a Sloop, belonging to Mr. *James Cole*, late of *Charles* County, deceaſed, now on the Stocks, 48 Feet Keel, 18 Feet Beam, and will carry about Thirty-five Hundred Buſhels; ſhe is all framed and raiſed, ready for planking, and may be finiſhed agreeable to the Mind of the Purchaſer; ſhe is allowed by Judges to be as ſtrong and as well put together as any Veſſel in the Province; her Timbers are all of the beſt white Oak, has been all carefully picked and well ſeaſoned. There's ready her Plank, Trunnels, Maſts, and every Neceſſary for finiſhing of her in the very beſt Manner; with all her Anchors, Cables, Sail-Cloth, Rigging, Paints, Bruſhes, and every Article for compleating of her fit for ſailing; the whole of the Rigging has been imported from *London*, bought and choſen by an experienced Hand. An Inventory of the whole with the Veſſel and the Materials, as they now lay, may be ſeen at any Time at Mrs. *Coles*, on *Patuxumack*, *Pomonkey* Neck, *Charles* County; ſhe will be ſold very cheap as ſhe now lies, and any reaſonable Time of Payment given, on paying Intereſt, and giving good Security if required.

(3w) IGNATIUS FENWICK, junr.

N. B. There's a good planked Houſe with Two Fire-Places at the Yard for the Convenience of the Workmen, and a Blackſmith's Shop very near.

Annapolis, May 5, 1771.

BROKE out of *Anne-Arundel* County Jail, the Six following Perſons, *viz.*

Robert Taylor, by Trade a Joiner, about 25 Years of Age, 6 Feet high, is a well looking Fellow, and has ſhort black Hair tied behind: Had on, an old brown Coat, green Jacket, and *Ruſſia* Drab Breeches.

Thomas Plowey and *Samuel Berkley*, who were both tried this preſent Provincial Court, the former for Burglary, the latter for Horſe-ſtealing, and found Guilty. *Plowey* is about 5 Feet 10 Inches high, has ſhort black Hair, a little pitted with the Small-Pox, and is a very ill-looking Fellow: Had on, a dirty dyed Cotton Jacket, and his other Apparel very mean. *Berkley* is about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, fair Complexion, has a good Countenance, and wears his Hair, which is of a light brown: Had on, a brown Coat, with dirty Leather Breeches.

Nathaniel Read, a Felon left in my Cuſtody by the Sheriff of *Cæcil* County, about 20 Years of Age, 5 Feet 10 Inches high, tawny Complexion, and his Apparel exceſſive mean.

Peter M'Carty, about the ſame Age and Height, has a Mark over his right Eye, and wears a Cap, is a well ſet Fellow: Had on, a black Cloth Coat and Breeches, and light coloured Waiſtcoat.

Timothy Carter, about 20 Years of Age, has a healthy Countenance, is a little pitted with the Small-Pox, wears ſhort brown Hair: Had on, an old blue Coat and Leather Breeches.

Whoever ſecures the abovementioned Perſons, and delivers them to the Subſcriber, ſhall have Five Pounds each, for *Taylor*, *Plowey*, and *Berkley*; Forty Shillings for *Read*, and Twenty Shillings each for the others.

JOHN CLAPHAM, Sheriff.

THE Subſcriber being fully impowered to ſettle and adjuſt the Accounts of Mr. *Joſhua Johnſon*, late of this Province, requeſts all thoſe who have any Claims againſt him to bring them in; and all thoſe who are indebted to him to make immediate payment; thoſe who neglect to comply with this Requeſt, will have Suits commenced againſt them to *Auguſt* Court next. Conſtant Attendance is given at my Office.

JOHN DAVIDSON.

May 7, 1771.

RAN away laſt Night from the Subſcriber, living near *Patapſco* Ferry, in *Anne-Arundel* County, a Convict Servant Man, named *Thomas Williams*, about Twenty-two Years of Age, Five Feet Five Inches high, ſquare made: Had on, when he went away, a Felt Hat, Cotton Cap, an Iron Collar, Oſnabrig Shirt, a blue Cloth Coat, and Green Jacket, both Coat and Jacket trimmed with white Metal Buttons, Leather Breeches, old coarſe Yarn Stockings, and Negro Shoes.

Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid Runaway, ſo that his Maſter gets him again, ſhall have Twenty Shillings Reward, paid by

(w2) JOSEPH JACOBS.

WANTED

A DISCREET ſober Man, who is well qualified to teach Arithmetick, and who writes a good Hand. Such an one will meet with good Encouragement, by applying to the Printers hereof.

THERE is at the Plantation of *James Dull*, living near the *Lower Falls* of *Patapſco* River, taken up as a Stray, a black Gelding, about Fourteen Hands high, trots and gallops, branded on the near Shoulder thus W DS has a Star and ſmall Snip, his off hind Foot a little white, has a Saddle Spot on his Back, is trimmed with a ridge Mane which has ſome white Hairs in it, ſuppoſed to be occaſioned by a Collar.

The Owner may have him again, on proving Property and paying Charges.

May 1, 1771.

Juſt imported in the Galloway, *Captain* Biſhopric *from* London, *and to be ſold by the Subſcribers Wholeſale or Retail, at their Store, in* Church Street, Annapolis,

A Genteel, and well aſſorted Cargo of *European* and *India* Goods, ſuitable to each Seaſon, among which are a great Variety of faſhionable Silks and Millenary.

(tf) THOMAS HARWOOD, JOHN BRICE.

N. B. Thomas Harwood has imported in the ſame Ship, a large Aſſortment of Goods, for *Queen Anne* on *Patuxent*, which he expects will be ready to open by the Middle of next Week.

Falls of Patapſco, April 20, 1771.

BEING deſirous to get my Affairs adjuſted and ſettled in the moſt expeditious Manner, I do moſt earneſtly requeſt a Meeting of all my Creditors at this Place on Thurſday the 16th of *May* next, at which Time will be expoſed for Sale to the higheſt Bidder, all the laſt Year's Crop of Corn, Wheat and Tobacco, with the Lands in *Prince William* and *Fauquire*, as before advertiſed. Likewiſe the Lots at the ſaid Falls, live Stock, Houſehold Furniture and a Number of other valuable Articles.

Meſſ. *Blackburn* and *Ellicy*, the preſent Truſtees, have promiſed to attend the ſaid Meeting, and will be ready to concur and relinquiſh any Claims they may have in the Eſtate on a general Compoſition taking Place.

(2w) JOHN BALLENDINE.

DOCTOR H. JERNINGHAM informs the Publick, that he continues Inoculation the Year round, and takes in another Set on Monday the 13th Day of *May*. (w4)

THERE is at the Plantation of *Stephen Watſon*, living on *Diamond* Ridge, in *Baltimore* County, *Maryland*, taken up as a Stray, a red Bull about 4 Years old, both Ears cropt, and a Hole in the right.

The Owner may have him again, proving Property and paying Charges. (w3)

Baltimore, February 22, 1771.

On Saturday the 15th *Day of* June *next, will be expoſed to publick Sale, at the Houſe of Mr.* John Little, *near the Market-Houſe*, Baltimore-Town, *at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon,*

THE following Tracts and Parcels of Land, ſituate in *Baltimore* County, and from 6 to 15 Miles Diſtance from *Baltimore-Town*, on the great Roads to *York* and *Frederick-Town*, conveniently ſituated for Church, Meeting, Mill, and Market, and all good Lands fit for farming; ſuch Tracts as have Tenants will be parcelled out, that the Tenants may have an Opportunity of purchaſing. To be ſold for Sterling Caſh, Bills of Credit, at the then Current Exchange, or in good Bills payable in *London*.

	Acres
North-Carolina, containing and laid out for	945
Jones's Farm, adjacent thereto,	50
Carolina Felix,	646
Batchelors Choice, thereunto adjacent,	100
Drunkard's Hall,	308¾
Part of *Spicer's Inheritance*, within One Mile of *Baltimore-Town*, having ſome Improvements thereon,	77
Stuartſylvania, on the River *Patapſco*, oppoſite to *Fell's-Point*, which is adjoining to *Baltimore-Town*, and contains	24
Point *Look-out*, near to *Stuartſylvania*, and oppoſite to *Fell's-Point*,	12

The Lands were the Property of Mr. JAMES RICHARDS, and by him conveyed to me in Truſt, for the Uſe of himſelf and Creditors. The Lands may be viewed, and the Title examined, on applying to (ts) DANIEL CHAMIER.

St. Mary's County, *April* 15, 1771.

THE Subſcriber intending to leave this Province in a ſhort Time, all Perſons who have any juſt Claims againſt him, are deſired to bring them in, that they may be paid; and thoſe indebted to him, by Bill, Bond, Note, or otherwiſe, are requeſted to make immediate Payment.

ALEXANDER URQUHART.

N. B. I have a Parcel of choice Country born Negroes, conſiſting of Men, Women and Children, to be ſold for ready Caſh, Sterling or current Money, or good Bills of Exchange on *London* or *Glaſgow*.

Baltimore, April 13, 1771.

TWENTY POUNDS REWARD.

WHEREAS I lately received Two threatening Letters, demanding a Sum of Money to be depofited in a certain Place, which Letters, there is good Reaion to believe, were written by Order of *George Baxter* of this Town, Drayman, who was taken up on Suſpicion of the ſame, and has ſince eſcaped from the Cuſtody of the Conſtable. The ſaid *George Baxter* is a ſquare well ſet Man, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, round ſhouldered, about 35 or 40 Years of Age, pitted a good deal with the Small-Pox, very fair Eye Brows, wants Two of hi fore Teeth, and wears his own pale Hair pretty ſhort. He is a Fellow well known to many People, having lived ſeveral Years as a Labourer about my Diſtillery. I do hereby offer the above Reward of Twenty Pounds *Pennſylvania* Currency to any Perſon who will apprehend the ſaid *George Baxter* and deliver him into the Cuſtody of the Sheriff of *Baltimore* County. SAMUEL PURVIANCE, Jun.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Sampſon Noland*, living about 8 Miles below the Mouth of *Monockaſy*, in *Frederick* County, a bay MARE, about 13 Hands and an Half high, branded on the near ſhoulder, thus, S W, and on the near Buttock, D, with ſeveral Saddle Spots on her Back, a Star in her Forehead, and a ſmall white Spot on her Breaſt. The Owner may have her again, on proving Property and paying Charges. (3w)

RAN away from the Subſcriber's Dwelling, on *Herring-Bay*, on the 30th of *March*, a Negro Man, named WILL, aged 31 Years, about 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high, well made, much marked with the Small Pox: Had on, when he went away, a white Cotton Jacket, bound round with blue, an under Waiſtcoat of blue Fearnought, darned with Yarn, Cotton Breeches, Country Stockings and Shoes, a new Felt Hat; he was ſeen at *Annapolis*, on Monday and Tueſday in Eaſter Week, in Company with Negro *Dick*, (an old Companion of his in Villainy) belonging to Mr. *Jonathan Pinkney*, and its ſuſpected is either concealed by *Dick*, or aſſiſted by him to get away in ſome Veſſel, under the Character of one of thoſe Negroes that Mrs. *Rachel More*, of *Philadelphia*, lately ſet free in this Neighbourhood.

Whoever ſecures he ſaid Fellow, ſo that I can have him again, if taken in the County, Forty Shillings, if out of the County, Three Pounds, and if out of the Province, Five Pounds, with reaſonable Charges, if brought home, paid by

(5w) DAVID WEEMS.

COMMITTED to my Cuſtody as a Runaway, a Man who calls himſelf *Joſeph Bennett*, ſays he was born in the North of *Ireland*, is a thick well ſet Fellow, appears to be about 35 or 40 Years of Age, 5 Feet 6 or 7 Inches high, has ſhort black curled Hair, double Chin and wrinkled Face. His Maſter is deſired to pay Charges and take him away.

N. B He is ſuppoſed to be the ſame Perſon advertiſed by Mr. *William Holmes*, in Meſſieurs *Hall* and *Sellers*'s Gazette of *Feb* 28.

(tf) RICHARD THOMAS, Sheriff of *Cæcil* County.

St. Mary's County, *March* 1, 1771.

AGREEABLE to an Advertiſement publiſhed in this Paper on *Dec.* the 5th laſt, and continued down to *Feb.* the 14th following, the Subſcriber met on the Premiſes, with deſign to put up the ſeveral Tracts of Land as advertiſed to publick Sale, but was prevented from ſo doing by the badneſs of the Weather, which was ſuch, as would not permit thoſe to come who had a Deſign of bidding for the ſame; being therefore deſirous that every One may have a fair Opportunity who has Inclination to purchaſe, have put off the Sale, to Monday *May* the 13th next, if fair, or otherwiſe the next fair Day When will be ſold on the Premiſes, at publick Vendue, all the real Eſtate of *Richard Heard*, late of the ſaid County, deceaſed, agreeable to an Act of Aſſembly, in that Caſe provided, for the Payment of the Debts of the ſaid *Richard Heard*, that is to ſay, one Tract called *Thompſon's Purchaſe*, formerly called *Mary Taylor's Plantation*, lying in the ſaid County, containing 180 Acres; one other Tract or Parcel of Land, in the ſame County, being Part of the *Croſs Manor*, containing 100 Acres. Alſo one other Tract or Parcel of Land, called *Croſs Manor*, lying in the County aforeſaid, containing 3 Acres, all adjoining; On the Tract called *Thompſon's Purchaſe*, formerly called *Mary Taylor's Plantation*, is a large well built Houſe, almoſt new, having 4 Rooms on a Floor, with a Fireplace in each Room, with a good Quarter, and ſeveral other Improvements thereon. Alſo Part of a Tract of Land, now called *Heard's Lot*, formerly called the *Croſs*, lying in the ſaid County, containing 1 Acre, on which is a good Storehouſe, and is excellently well ſituated for Trade. A Copy of the Act of Aſſembly for the Sale of the above Lands, properly authenticated, will be ſhewn by the Subſcriber at the Time of Sale, (or before) if required, for the Information and Satisfaction of any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe. (10) JOHN HEARD.

N. B. All the above Lands are extremely good and level, are convenient for fiſhing and oyſtering, lying at the Head of a Creek, well known by the Name of *Smith's*.

PROPOSALS,

ADDRESSED TO THOSE WHO POSSESS A

PUBLICK SPIRIT.

THE real Friends to the Progreſs of literary Entertainment, and to the Extenſion of uſeful Manufactures in an Infant Country, the Promotion of which vivifieth Individuals, and tendeth towards the Elevation and Enriching of THE LAND WE LIVE IN, are requeſted to obſerve, that an handſome *American* Edition of

HUME's CELEBRATED

HISTORY OF ENGLAND,

FROM THE

INVASION OF *JULIUS CÆSAR*,

TO THE

REVOLUTION in 1688,

is now in Contemplation to be publiſhed periodically by Subſcription, complete in Eight Volumes Octavo, at the moderate Price of One Dollar each Volume, ſewed in blue Boards, *although the Quarto Edition is ſold at Thirty Dollars.*

This Work is to be printed on fine Paper, the Colour and Conſiſtence of which ſhall apparently demonſtrate the Excellence of NATIVE FABRICATIONS, while the Goodneſs of the Type, and the Neatneſs of the Artiſt's manual Exerciſe at the PRINTING PRESS, ſhall durably ſupport the Honour of that glorious Vehicle of KNOWLEDGE and LIBERTY.

As ſoon as Three Hundred Subſcribers are collected, the Firſt Volume ſhall be immediately put to Preſs, and the whole Work will be compleated Eight Months after the Publication of the Firſt Volume.

No Money expected, but on the Delivery of each Volume One Dollar.

SUBSCRIPTIONS *are gratefully received by Mr.* James M'Beath *in* Baltimore-Town, *Meſſ.* Thomas Williams *and Co. Merchants in* Annapolis, *by the Publiſher*, Robert Bell, *Bookſeller at the late Union Library in* Third-ſtreet, Philadelphia, *and by all the Bookſellers and Printers in* America.

On the Completion of the Eight Volumes, ſaid *Bell* doth promiſe to every Subſcriber that chooſeth, they ſhall be neatly and uniformly bound in Sheep and lettered, at the very moderate Price of Two Dollars, or beautifully finiſhed in Calf Binding, at Three Dollars each Set.

Every Gentleman acquainted with *London* Publications knoweth, that ſome of the moſt excellent literary Works have been publiſhed in this periodical Manner, even in that City of Opulence, where FOOD for the MIND is almoſt as merchantable as BREAD for the FAMILY.

AS ALSO,

BLACKSTONE's COMMENTARIES ON THE LAWS of ENGLAND.

CONDITIONS.

I. *Blackſtone*'s ſplendid Commentaries on the Laws of *England* are to be reprinted in Four Volumes large Octavo, Page for Page with the laſt Edition of the *London* Copy.

II. The Work is to be printed on a fine Royal Paper, with a handſome large Margin, and peculiar Attention will be given to the Correctneſs of the Matter and Beauty of the Letter Preſs.

III. The Price of the Four Volumes to Subſcribers will be only Eight Dollars, although the *Engliſh* Edition is ſold at Thirty-ſix Dollars.

IV. As ſoon as the Names and Reſidence of Two Hundred Subſcribers are collected, the Firſt Volume ſhall immediately be put to the Preſs, and the whole Work will be completed ſix Months after the Publication of the Firſt Volume.

V. No Money expected but on the periodical Delivery of each Volume in neat Calf Law-Binding, Two Dollars.

VI. This ſplendid and expenſive Work, which will coſt above One Thouſand Pounds, can only be carried into Execution under the auſpicious Patronage of the Gentlemen of the Law in *America*, and their liberal Connexions in the Country, as well as the capital Cities and Towns on the Continent.

VII. The Names of the Subſcribers will be printed in the Fourth Volume.

SUBSCRIPTIONS *will be gratefully received by Mr.* James M'Beath *in* Baltimore-Town, *Meſſ.* Thomas Williams *and Co. in* Annapolis, *the Publiſher*, Robert Bell, *Bookſeller, at the late Union Library, in* Third-ſtreet, Philadelphia, *and by all the Bookſellers and Printers in* America.

Now in the Printing-Preſs, and ſpeedily will be publiſhed by Subſcription, in One Volume Octavo, Price One Dollar, ſewed in blue Boards, although the Engliſh *Edition is ſold at Four Dollars,*

An ESSAY on the Hiſtory of CIVIL SOCIETY, by *Adam Ferguſon*, LL.D. Profeſſor of Moral Philoſophy in the Univerſity of *Edinburgh*.

Part I. Of the general Characteriſtics of human Nature.
Part II. Of the Hiſtory of rude Nations.
Part III. Of the Hiſtory of Policy and Arts.
Part IV. Of Conſequences that reſult from the Advancement of Civil and Commercial Arts.
Part V. Of the Decline of Nations.
Part VI. Of Corruption and political Slavery.

A Liſt of the Subſcribers Names will be printed.

SUBSCRIPTIONS *are gratefully received by* Mr. James M'Beath *in* Baltimore-Town, *Meſſ.* Thomas Williams *and Co. Merchants in* Annapolis, *and the Publiſher*, Robert Bell, *at the late Union Library in* Third-ſtreet, Philadelphia, *and by all the Bookſellers and Printers in* America.

All Gentlemen who have Rationality enough to conſider they will receive an Equivalent, and are pleaſed voluntarily and ſpeedily, without cringing Solicitations, or any other Application than theſe Advertiſements, to contribute their Names as intentional Purchaſers, may reſt aſſured of poſſeſſing elegant Sets of inſtructive Volumes.

A Specimen of the Type and Paper of theſe AMERICAN Editions may be ſeen at the places where Subſcriptions are received.

April 10, 1771.

To be SOLD, *by the Subſcribers, for current Money, on Saturday the* 18*th Day of* May, *by Publick Vendue,*

A VALUABLE Tract of LAND, called MARENA, containing 712 Acres, Twenty of which are valuable Meadow Ground, lying on the *Little-Falls* of *Gun-Powder*, in *Baltimore* County, commonly known by the Name of *Crockett*'s lower Quarter, with ſeveral Improvements, and fit either for farming or planting. The Title indiſputable.

*** The Terms and Time of Sale may be known, by applying to either of the Subſcribers.

ELY DORSEY,
(w4) BASIL DORSEY,
JOHN CROCKETT DORSEY.

April 1, 1771.

PURSUANT to the Laſt Will and Teſtament of *Robert Gilcreſh*, late of *Baltimore* County, deceaſed, will be ſold, at Publick Vendue, on Wedneſday the the Fifteenth Day of *May* next, at the Houſe of *John Little*, in *Baltimore-Town*, Eight Hundred Acres of Land, Part of a Tract of Land called *Upper Marlborough*, ſituate and lying in *Baltimore* County, on the Road leading from *Baltimore-Town* to *Frederick-Town*, and about Twenty-five Miles diſtant from *Baltimore-Town*: This Land will anſwer well for Tobacco or Farming, as there is good Meadow Ground on it, and an extenſive Range. The Title is indiſputable.

N. B. All thoſe that purchaſed Lands of the ſaid *Robert Gilcreſh*, and were not conveyed in his Lifetime, are deſired to attend at the aforeſaid Time and Place, in order to pay what is due on their Bonds, and have Deeds for their Lands.

JAMES GILCRESH, Heir at Law,
HELEN GILCRESH, Executrix.

To be ſold, or leaſed for a Term of Years not leſs than Seven, and to be entered on either next Fall or next Spring,

THE Place whereon the Subſcriber now dwells, ſituated on and near the Head of *Hunger* River, in the moſt publick and beſt Place for a Store and purchaſing Lumber in thoſe Parts. It contains 29 Acres, including 7 Acres of Marſh Paſture; it has the following Improvements on it, *viz.* A dwelling Houſe framed, 48 by 18, Six Rooms below with Five Fire-places, 3 Rooms above, a Kitchen, Quarter, Warehouſe, Stable, *&c. &c.* a Brick Store Houſe 18 by 16 Feet with a Cellar underneath a Garden, containing near an Acre, well laid out, paled, railed, *&c.* an Orchard containing about 160 Fruit-Trees 5 Years planted, a rich Meadow Ground 4 or 5 Acres, filling faſt with Clover and other Graſſes, and about 4 Acres high Ground, ſewed down with Clover laſt Fall, the whole in good Order and Repair, it being but 6 Years ſince firſt ſettled; for Terms, *&c.* apply to

(w6) JOHN BENNETT.

N. B. Time will be given for Payment, on paying Intereſt and giving Security, if requited.

To be ſold at publick Vendue, on Monday the Third Day of June *next, to the higheſt Bidders, on the Premiſes,*

TWO Tracts of Land, adjoining, ſituate and lying on *Elk-Ridge*, within about Five Miles of *Elk-Ridge Landing*, called and known by the Name of *Adam the Firſt*, and the *Weavers Lot*, containing Two Hundred and Seventy-nine Acres; the Soil is good, there are ſome Improvements, a very good Apple Orchard, and ſome Meadow Ground ready cleared; the Land is well timbered and watered. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe may view the Premiſes before the Day of Sale, by applying to the Subſcriber, (7w) WILLIAM JEAN.

The following is a STATE of the CARROLLSBURG LOTTERY, drawn at *Bladensburg*, on Monday the 22d of *April* 1771.

Ticket.	Lot.	Ticket.	Lot.	Ticket.	Lot.	Ticket.	Lot.
N°.	N°.	N°.	N°.	N°.	N°.	N°.	N°.
1	13	67	47	132	209	197	75
2	264	68	107	133	193	198	151
3	216	69	125	134	51	199	123
4	11	70	59	135	87	200	227
5	164	71	105	136	69	201	67
6	92	72	198	137	130	202	261
7	175	73	178	138	187	203	236
8	226	74	117	139	15	204	157
9	33	75	14	140	245	205	43
10	257	76	133	141	225	206	202
11	163	77	120	142	4	207	53
12	63	78	189	143	39	208	198
13	179	79	252	144	262	209	12
14	20	80	41	145	168	210	147
15	229	81	70	146	156	211	150
16	207	82	45	147	62	212	16
17	258	83	249	148	232	213	167
18	145	84	153	149	88	214	109
19	180	85	142	150	146	215	19
20	97	86	254	151	8	216	186
21	100	87	77	152	255	217	267
22	26	88	32	153	217	218	234
23	23	89	17	154	3	219	10
24	210	90	174	155	159	220	235
25	131	91	30	156	251	221	27
26	177	92	152	157	221	222	233
27	108	93	115	158	253	223	128
28	86	94	183	159	50	224	61
29	219	95	144	160	199	225	1
30	118	96	263	161	231	226	96
31	68	97	82	162	90	227	93
32	248	98	244	163	141	228	79
33	250	99	83	164	38	229	55
34	170	100	126	165	132	230	127
35	266	101	91	166	223	231	148
36	171	102	241	167	222	232	184
37	162	103	78	168	102	233	136
38	154	104	246	169	65	234	94
39	228	105	49	170	111	235	54
40	169	106	191	171	137	236	206
41	197	107	172	172	72	237	22
42	139	108	89	173	104	238	160
43	107	109	74	174	40	239	57
44	135	110	106	175	256	240	60
45	73	111	237	176	220	241	224
46	114	112	201	177	166	242	25
47	18	113	28	178	29	243	138
48	99	114	64	179	181	244	149
49	165	115	24	180	176	245	122
50	48	116	173	181	211	246	195
51	247	117	206	182	81	247	140
52	203	118	103	183	188	248	185
53	84	119	37	184	129	249	2
54	124	120	80	185	134	250	205
55	158	121	116	186	95	251	218
56	204	122	66	187	46	252	6
57	182	123	236	188	119	253	260
58	259	124	31	189	34	254	71
59	243	125	98	190	242	255	240
60	239	126	208	191	113	256	190
61	192	127	155	192	85	257	238
62	42	128	56	193	9	258	52
63	58	129	76	194	7	259	110
64	265	130	112	195	194	260	143
65	21	131	44	196	121	261	161
66	5						

N. B. The Plat of the Town may be seen by applying to Mr. *Lancelot Jacques*, at *Annapolis*, or to the Truſtees——and Deeds will be given by the Truſtees, when applied to——One of the Liſts of Lots and Tickets, taken as they were drawn, is ſeal'd up and depoſited with Mr. *Chriſtopher Lowndes* of *Bladenſburg*.——The reſerved Lots belonging to *Charles Carroll*, Eſq; of *Duddington*, are numbered upon the Plat as follows, No. 35, 36, 212, 213, 214. and 215.

SELIM

WILL cover this Seaſon, at *Tulip-Hill*, at FIVE POUNDS a MARE, and FIVE SHILLINGS the Servant. Good Paſturage and Care taken of Mares.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Edward Reynolds*, in *Calvert* County, taken up as a Stray, a dark bay HORSE, about 12 Hands high, about Six Years old, and has no perceivable Brand: The Owner may have him again, on proving Property and paying Charges. (4w)

Maryland, September 10, 1770.

TO BE SOLD,

ONE undivided third Part of the *Northampton* Iron Furnace, together with the Stock in Partnerſhip thereto belonging, Conſiſting of Lands, Servants, Teams, *&c. &c.* The ſaid Furnace, Caſting-Houſe, Bridge and Wheel Houſes are all built of Stone, in the neateſt Manner, and on a never failing Stream of Water, Eleven Miles diſtance from *Baltimore-Town*, *Baltimore* County, in the Province of *Maryland*, and on the beſt Road leading to ſaid Town. The Lands are well wooded, and aboundſ in Iron Ore, which is very convenient to ſaid Furnace, and is of the beſt and richeſt Qualities, and yields ſuch plenty that I believe no Furnace on the Continent makes more Metal while in blaſt. On the ſaid Land all round the Furnace, is alſo a plenty of Lime-Stone, which is made Uſe of for Flux, the Furnace is now heating, and will be in blaſt in a few Days; there is already provided and at the Furnace, a very fine Stock of Ore and Coals, and growing upon the Lands, as much *Indian* Corn as I ſuppoſe may ſupply the Furnace for Twelve Months. At the ſaid Furnace is a good Coal-Houſe, and all other convenient Houſes in good Repair. The Purchaſer ſhall be put into Poſſeſſion immediately, and ſuch Time given for Payment of the Purchaſe Money, that may make it very eaſy to the Purchaſer, his giving Bond upon Intereſt, with Security if required. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe, will be pleaſed to apply to the Subſcriber near *Baltimore-Town*, in ſaid Province.

(tf) JOHN RIDGELY.

February 9, 1771.

To be SOLD *on reaſonable Terms*,

HIS Majeſty's Patent or Grant for 20,000 Acres of Land, in *Weſt Florida*. Any Perſon or Perſons inclinable to purchaſe may be informed of the Particulars, by enquiring of *Joſeph Ogden*, at the Sign of the croſs Keys, at the Corner of *Cheſnut* and *Third-Street*, *Philadelphia*. (3m)

MADE and SOLD by the Subſcriber in *Annapolis*, for ready Caſh, all Sizes of Anchors, from 1500 to 50wt. equal to any imported or made upon the Continent, Anchors 500 or upwards, at Six-pence *per* Pound, and ſmaller in Proportion. He likewiſe repairs broken Anchors at the moſt reaſonable Rate, and will give ready Money for old ones, or take them in Part of Pay. Thoſe Gentlemen who are pleaſed to favour him with their Orders, may depend on being carefully and immediately ſerved, by their *Humble Servant*,

(tf) ISAAC HARRIS.

February 20, 1771.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Subſcriber has empowered Mr. *Joſeph Howard*, junr. to adjuſt all Claims, either by Bond, Note, or open Account, for or againſt her deceaſed Huſband; for which Purpoſe Attendance will be given at the Sheriffs-Office, every Friday from the Date hereof, until the Whole are ſettled.——Such Perſons as are indebted, are requeſted to make immediate Payment, and thoſe who have Claims, to bring them in legally proved to

MARY DORSEY, Adminiſtratrix of CALEB DORSEY, deceaſed.

MAHON and CONNOR, STAYMAKERS,

BEING encouraged to ſettle in *Upper-Marlborough*, have laid in for that Purpoſe, a large Parcel of the beſt Goods that can be had, and intend to carry on the Buſineſs in the moſt extenſive Manner. They make all Kinds of Stays, plain and turned, Jumps, *&c. &c.* Any Ladies that are pleaſed to favour them with their Cuſtom, may depend upon having their Work done in the beſt Manner and on reaſonable Terms. Ladies who live at the Diſtance of Ten Miles from the Town, upon Notice given, will be waited on, and thoſe living farther off, may take their Meaſure in the following Manner, with proper Directions on each: The Length of the fore Part; of the Back to the Waiſt; Half the Width of the Back and Breaſt; and Half the Width round the Top and Waiſt. To prevent Ladies from Diſappointments, they will have Stays of all Sizes ready made, at *William Urquhart*'s, the Sign of the *Indian* King, *Upper-Marlborough*.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Samuel White*, in *Prince-George*'s County, taken up as Strays, a red Cow, marked with a Crop in the left Ear, and the under Half cut off, as alſo that of the right Ear; and a brindled Bull, about 3 Years old, marked with a Crop in the left Ear, but has a ſmall under Bit in the right. The Owner may have them again, on proving Property and paying Charges. (w3)

Annapolis, March 25, 1771.

RAN away laſt Night from the Subſcriber, a Convict Servant Man, named *Richard Crouch*, about Twenty-five Years of Age, Five Feet Four Inches high, dark Complexion, and much pitted with the Small-Pox; is ſomething low in his Speech: Had on and took with him, a brown Suit of Cloaths, a light coloured Frize Coat and Jacket, with other Things unknown.

Whoever takes up ſaid Servant, ſo that I may get him again, ſhall receive, if taken in the County, 20 Shillings, if out of the County, 40 Shillings, beſides what the Law allows, paid by me,

ANNE MIDDLETON.

It is ſuppoſed he is gone off in my Yawl, along with Two Sailors, belonging to the Brigantine *Venus*, *Moſes Rankin Cail* Maſter; One of their Names *Benjamin Hays*, middle ſized, about Thirty Years of Age, brown Complexion, and wears his own black Hair. The other named *Edward Weſt*, ſhort of Stature, wears his own brown Hair, and is about Twenty-five Years of Age: Had on, when he went away, an old Greego.

Whoever takes them up, and brings them to *Annapolis*, ſhall have 20 Shillings Reward for each of them, and all reaſonable Charges, paid by

JOHN CATTELL.

Publiſhed according to Act of Parliament.

The great and learned Doctor SANXAY's IMPERIAL GOLDEN DROPS.

AFTER a very long Courſe of private Practice with the tender and moſt delicate Conſtitutions, the Firſt Nobility and Gentry in *Great-Britain*, *Ireland*, and many Perſons eminent for Fortune and Character in *America*, and in the *Weſt-Indies*, the Doctor has proved beyond all Doubt his Imperial Golden Drops, to be the greateſt Cordial to Nature, Medicine ever produced. Theſe Drops are compoſed from the fineſt Eſſence of the richeſt Gums and Balſams of the Eaſt and Weſt Parts of the World; therefore, this Medicine is truly the Balſam of all the other known Balſams. It is from the combined Power, Efficacy and Virtue of theſe rich and natural Balſams, that theſe Drops are able to fortify the weak and enfeebled Parts; to give Health, Strength, and Vigour to a worn-out Conſtitution. So friendly is this great Cordial to human Nature, that it is a medical Aliment; nouriſhes the vital Syſtem, and prolongs Life. It is by theſe unequaled Virtues; that the Cauſes of Barrenneſs and Sterility in Women, and Impotency in Men, are to an almoſt Certainty removed. All rheumatic and gravelly Complaints are moſt aſſuredly relieved; and if continued for ſome Time, will radically cure the Diſorders: Beſides, all obſtinate Gleets, ſeminal Weakneſſes, Whites in Women, and every Weakneſs of the Reins and Loins, from whatever Cauſe proceeding, except the venereal Virus; theſe Imperial Golden Drops in a few Days effects a Cure. Thoſe Patients labouring under an improper Treatment of Mercurials from unſkilful Perſons, in a certain Diſorder, and find their Juices impoveriſhed, will ſoon find their Account in the Uſe of theſe admired Drops. They who feel the ſecret Infirmities of advancing Years; or where the Power of Youth begins to decline, will find this Nature's grand Reſtorative their only Friend. It was for ſomething like this grand Secret in Medicine, that the Fathers of Phyſick, the immortal Boerhaave and Sydenham laboured their whole Lives in vain to diſcover for the good of mankind.

It is to be had in Bottles of THOMAS ANDERTON, Bookſeller, Wholeſale and Retail, at his Store the Lower End of the *Jerſey-Market*, *Philadelphia*. To prevent the Buyers from being impoſed upon by any counterfeit Sort, he hath ſealed the Bottle with his Seal and Coat of Arms, and ſigned each Bottle in his own Hand writing.

*** Where alſo may be had, Doctor Sanxay's Alexipharmic Pills, and his Specific purging Electuary, which cure the Lues Venerea in all Stages and Circumſtances whatever in a very ſhort Time; without imparting the Secret to a Bedfellow, without giving the leaſt Pain, Sickneſs, Trouble, Confinement, or Reſtraint of Diet to the Patient; who may at all Times of the Year, and in all Climates of the World, at home or abroad, at Sea, or on a Journey, receive perfect and poſitive Health, by the Uſe of Theſe Medicines and exactly following the Rules laid down in the Book of Directions given with them.

Advice in all Caſes gratis.

Letters Poſt paid duly anſwered.

To be had of *William Dibley*, Poſt from *Annapolis to Philadelphia*. (6w)

Orders left with Mr. *Ball*, at the Sign of the White Horſe in *Annapolis*, will be duly executed.

General Poſt-Office, *New-York*, *Jan.* 22, 1771.

HIS MAJESTY's Poſt-Maſter General, having (for the better facilitating of Correſpondence between *Great-Britain* and *America*) been pleaſed to add a Fifth Packet Boat to the Station betwen *Falmouth* and *New-York*: Notice is hereby given, that the Mail for the future will be cloſed at the Poſt-Office in *New-York*, at Twelve of the Clock at Night, on the Firſt Tueſday in every Month, and diſpatched by a Packet the next Day for *Falmouth*.

By Command of the D. Poſt-Maſter General.

(12m) ALEXANDER COLDEN, Secretary.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by ANNE CATHARINE GREEN, at the PRINTING-OFFICE: Where all Perſons may be ſupplied with this GAZETTE, at 12*s.* 6*d.* a Year, ADVERTISEMENTS, of a moderate Length, are inſerted the Firſt Time, for 5*s.* and 1*s.* for each Week's Continuance. Long Ones in Proportion to their Number of Lines.——At ſame Place may be had, ready Printed, moſt kinds of BLANKS, *viz.* COMMON and BAIL BONDS; TESTAMENTARY LETTERS of ſeveral Sorts, with their proper BONDS annexed; BILLS of EXCHANGE; SHIPPING-BILLS, *&c. &c.* All Manner of PRINTING-WORK performed in the neateſt and moſt expeditious Manner, on applying as above.